

# ISO 639-3 Registration Authority

## Request for New Language Code Element in ISO 639-3

Date: 2006-4-6

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Associated Change request number : 2006-034

(completed by Registration Authority)

Tentative assignment of new identifier : twm

(completed by Registration Authority)

Do not be concerned about your responses causing the form text spacing or pagination to change. Use Shift-Enter to insert a new line in a form field (where allowed)

### 1. NAMES and IDENTIFICATION

- a) Preferred name of language for code element denotation:  
Monpa, Tawang
  
- b) Autonym (self-name) for this language:
  
  
- c) Alternate names and spellings of language, and any established abbreviations:  
Northern Monpa, Brahmi, Cuona Menba, Dwags, Monkit, Takpa
  
- d) Reason for preferred name:
  
  
- e) Name of ethnic group or description of people who use this language and approximate population of users, if in use today:  
spoken by 9,130 Tawang Monpa people in Arunachal Pradesh
  
  
- f) Preferred three letter identifier, if available:

Your suggestion will be taken into account, but the Registration Authority will determine the identifier to be proposed. Language identifiers are not intended to be an abbreviation for a name of the language, but to serve as a device to identify a given language uniquely. With thousands of languages, many sets of which have similar names, it is not possible to provide identifiers that resemble a language name in every case.

### 2. TEMPORAL DESCRIPTION and LOCATION

- a) Is this a  Living language  
 Nearly extinct/secondary use only (includes languages in revival)  
 Recently extinct language  
 Historical language  
 Ancient language  
 Artificially constructed language

(Select one. See explanations of these types at <http://www.sil.org/iso639%2D3/types.asp>)

- b) Countries where used:  
India
- c) Region within each country: towns, districts, states or provinces where used:  
Arunachal Pradesh [Tawang district ]
- d) For an ancient or historical language, give approximate time frame; for a recently extinct language, give the approximate date of the last known user's death

### 3. MODALITY AND LINGUISTIC AFFILIATION

- a) This language is:  Signed  Spoken  Attested only in writings
- b) Language family, if classified; origin, if artificially constructed:  
Sino-Tibetan, Tibeto-Burman, Himalayish
- c) Closest language linguistically. For signed language, note influence from other signed or spoken languages:  
Tshangla\_tsj, Monpa Kalaktang

### 4. LANGUAGE DEVELOPMENT AND USE

- a) What written literature, inscriptions or recordings exist in this language? Are there newspapers, radio or television broadcasts, etc.?:  
none known
- b) Is this language officially recognized by any level of government? Is it used in any levels of formal education as a language of instruction (for other subjects)? Is it taught in schools?:  
no
- c) Comment on factors of ethnolinguistic identity and informal domains of use:  
used in home, village and religion domains, strong vitality

