# ISO 639-3 Registration Authority Request for New Language Code Element in ISO 639-3

This form is to be used in conjunction with a "Request for Change to ISO 639-3 Language Code" form

Date: 2007-3-6 Name of Primary Requester: Lee Hochstetler E-mail address: Lee Hochstetler@sil.org Names, affiliations and email addresses of additional supporters of this request: Associated Change request number: 2006-114 (completed by Registration Authority) Tentative assignment of new identifier: dym (completed by Registration Authority) PLEASE NOTE: This completed form will become part of the public record of this change request and the history of the ISO 639-3 code set. Use Shift-Enter to insert a new line in a form field (where allowed). 1. NAMES and IDENTIFICATION a) Preferred name of language for code element denotation: Yanda Dom Dogon b) Autonym (self-name) for this language: Yanda Dom c) Common alternate names and spellings of language, and any established abbreviations: d) Reason for preferred name: e) Name and approximate population of ethnic group or community who use this language: Yanda Bolom, population 2,000 (Blench survey 2005) f) Preferred three letter identifier, if available: dyd Your suggestion will be taken into account, but the Registration Authority will determine the identifier to be proposed. The identifiers is not intended to be an abbreviation for a name of the language, but to serve as a device to identify a given language uniquely. With thousands of languages, many sets of which have similar names, it is not possible to provide identifiers that resemble a language name in every case. 2. TEMPORAL DESCRIPTION and LOCATION Living language a) Is this a Nearly extinct/secondary use only (includes languages in revival) Recently extinct language Historical language

Ancient language

Macrolanguage

Artificially constructed language

(Select one. See explanations of these types at http://www.sil.org/iso639%2D3/types.asp)

	b)	Countries where used:  Mali
	c)	Region within each country: towns, districts, states or provinces where used. Include GPS coordinates of the approximate center of the language, if possible:  Mopti Region, Koro Circle, Diankabou District
		NameNWDiankabou14:35:003:05:00Guinedie14:39:103:08:40Ogol14:39:103:09:50Tourougo14:39:253:08:20Yadasongo14:39:453:08:00Ante14:39:003:09:50Omna14:39:403:10:10
	d)	For an ancient or historical language, give approximate time frame; for a recently extinct languag give the approximate date of the last known user's death
3.	MC	DDALITY AND LINGUISTIC AFFILIATION
	a)	This language is:  Signed Spoken Attested only in writings
	b)	Language family, if classified; origin, if artificially constructed: Niger-Congo, Atlantic-Congo, Volta-Congo, Dogon
	c)	Closest language linguistically. For signed language, note influence from other signed or spoken languages: Likely Naŋa Dama
4.	LA	NGUAGE DEVELOPMENT AND USE
	a)	What written literature, inscriptions or recordings exist in this language? Are there newspapers, radio or television broadcasts, etc.?: Wordlist (Durieux 1998 in Hochstetler et al 2004) Wordlist (Blench 2005)
	b)	Is this language officially recognized by any level of government? Is it used in any levels of form education as a language of instruction (for other subjects)? Is it taught in schools?:  No
	c)	Comment on factors of ethnolinguistic identity and informal domains of use:

## 5. SOURCES OF INFORMATION

You do not need to repeat sources previously identified in the form, "Request for Change to ISO 639-3 Language Code"

- a) First-hand knowledge. Describe:
- b) Knowledge through personal communication. Describe: Blench, Roger. 2005. Yanda, a language of the Dogon group in Northern Mali and its affinities. [Draft cited by permission.] Accessed March 2007 at <a href="http://www.rogerblench.info/Language%20data/Niger-Congo/Dogon/Yanda%20wordlist%20paper.pdf">http://www.rogerblench.info/Language%20data/Niger-Congo/Dogon/Yanda%20wordlist%20paper.pdf</a>.
- c) Knowledge from published sources. Include known dictionaries, grammars, etc. (please give complete bibliographical references):

### Please return this form to:

ISO 639-3 Registrar
SIL International, Office of Language Information Systems
7500 West Camp Wisdom Road
Dallas, Texas 75236 USA
ISO 639-3/RA web site: http://www.sil.org/iso639-3/default.asp

13O 039-3/RA web site. http://www.sii.org/180039-3/de

Email: iso639-3@sil.org

An email attachment of this completed form is preferred.

## **Further information:**

If your request for a new language code element is supported by the Registration Authority as a formal proposal, you may be contacted separately by researchers working with the Ethnologue or with LinguistList asking you to provide additional information.

#### Sources of documentation for ISO 639-3 identifiers:

Gordon, Raymond G., Jr. (ed.), 2005. Ethnologue: Languages of the World, Fifteenth edition. Dallas, Tex.: SIL International. Online version: <a href="http://www.ethnologue.com/">http://www.ethnologue.com/</a>.

LinguistList. Ancient and Extinct Languages. <a href="http://linguistlist.org/forms/langs/GetListOfAncientLgs.html">http://linguistlist.org/forms/langs/GetListOfAncientLgs.html</a>
LinguistList. Constructed Languages. <a href="http://linguistlist.org/forms/langs/GetListOfConstructedLgs.html">http://linguistlist.org/forms/langs/GetListOfConstructedLgs.html</a>