ISO 639-3 Registration Authority

Request for New Language Code Element in ISO 639-3

This form is to be used in conjunction with a “Request for Change to ISO 639-3 Language Code” form

Date: 2011-8-8

Name of Primary Requester: Anthony Aristar, head of the MultiTree Project

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Names, affiliations and email addresses of additional supporters of this request:
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Associated Change request number : 2011-109 (completed by Registration Authority)
Tentative assignment of new identifier : rnr (completed by Registration Authority)

PLEASE NOTE: This completed form will become part of the public record of this change request and the history of the ISO 639-3 code set. Use Shift-Enter to insert a new line in a form field (where allowed).

1. NAMES and IDENTIFICATION

   a) Preferred name of language for code element denotation:
      Nari Nari

   b) Autonym (self-name) for this language:

   c) Common alternate names and spellings of language, and any established abbreviations:
      Narri-Narri, Narinari, Nari Nari, Nari-nari

   d) Reason for preferred name:
      Following Dr. Bowern and AUSTLANG, we are using Nari Nari as the primary name.

   e) Name and approximate population of ethnic group or community who use this language (complete individual language currently in use):
      According to AUSTLANG and Tryon (2007: 118), this language is apparently extinct.

   f) Preferred three letter identifier, if available: rnr

Your suggestion will be taken into account, but the Registration Authority will determine the identifier to be proposed. The identifiers is not intended to be an abbreviation for a name of the language, but to serve as a device to identify a given language uniquely. With thousands of languages, many sets of which have similar names, it is not possible to provide identifiers that resemble a language name in every case.

2. TEMPORAL DESCRIPTION and LOCATION

   a) Is this a
      □ Living language
      □ Nearly extinct/secondary use only (includes languages in revival)
      □ Recently extinct language
      □ Historical language
      □ Ancient language
      □ Artificially constructed language
      □ Macrolanguage
(Select one. See explanations of these types at http://www.sil.org/iso639-2D3/types.asp)

For individual languages, also complete:

b) Countries where used:
   Australia

c) Region within each country: towns, districts, states or provinces where used. Include GPS coordinates of the approximate center of the language, if possible:
   According to AUSTLANG, Hercus (1994) describes the location of the language as "from Booligal to near Balranald."

   Dr. Claire Bowern places this language in New South Wales, Australia, at the following coordinates:
   Latitude: -34.04401712
   Longitude: 144.1175836
   (2010)

   To view on a map where this is located, please visit Dr. Bowern's website:

d) For an ancient or historical language, give approximate time frame; for a recently extinct language, give the approximate date of the last known user’s death
   Hercus recorded vocabulary words with Nari Nari speaker Jack Wise in May 1965 and conducted a Nari Nari language elicitation with Mary Moore in May 1967 (2009: 6, 7).
   Information regarding the last user's death is unknown.

3. MODALITY AND LINGUISTIC AFFILIATION
   a) This language is: □ Signed  ☒ Spoken  □ Attested only in writings

   b) Language family, if classified; origin, if artificially constructed:
      Pama-Nyungan family, Kulin group

   c) Closest language linguistically. For a Macrolanguage, list the individual languages (adopted and/or proposed) to be included in its group. For signed language, note influence from other signed or spoken languages:

4. LANGUAGE DEVELOPMENT AND USE
   a) What written literature, inscriptions or recordings exist in this language? Are there newspapers, radio or television broadcasts, etc.?:
      Hercus' field recordings with Nari Nari speakers are available in the AIATSIS library.
b) Is this language officially recognized by any level of government? Is it used in any levels of formal education as a language of instruction (for other subjects)? Is it taught in schools?:
No

c) Comment on factors of ethnolinguistic identity and informal domains of use:
Unknown
SOURCES OF INFORMATION

You do not need to repeat sources previously identified in the form, “Request for Change to ISO 639-3 Language Code”

a) First-hand knowledge. Describe:

b) Knowledge through personal communication. Describe:

c) Knowledge from published sources. Include known dictionaries, grammars, etc. (please give complete bibliographical references):

Please return this form to:

ISO 639-3 Registrar
SIL International, Office of Language Information Systems
7500 West Camp Wisdom Road
Dallas, Texas 75236 USA
Email: iso639-3@sil.org
An email attachment of this completed form is preferred.

Further information:

If your request for a new language code element is supported by the Registration Authority as a formal proposal, you may be contacted separately by researchers working with the Ethnologue or with LinguistList asking you to provide additional information.

Sources of documentation for ISO 639-3 identifiers:

