ISO 639-3 Registration Authority Request for New Language Code Element in ISO 639-3

This form is to be used in conjunction with a "Request for Change to ISO 639-3 Language Code" form

Date: 2011-8-11

Name of Primary Requester: Anthony Aristar, head of the MultiTree Project

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Names, affiliations and email addresses of additional supporters of this request:

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Associated Change request number : 2011-117 (completed by Registration Authority)
Tentative assignment of new identifier : dgt (completed by Registration Authority)

PLEASE NOTE: This completed form will become part of the <u>public record</u> of this change request and the history of the ISO 639-3 code set. Use Shift-Enter to insert a new line in a form field (where allowed).

1. NAMES and IDENTIFICATION

- a) Preferred name of language for code element denotation: Ndra'ngith
- b) Autonym (self-name) for this language:
- c) Common alternate names and spellings of language, and any established abbreviations: Ntra'ngith; Ndrra'ngith; Ntra'angith; Ntra'angit; Ndra'angit; Anda'angit; Anda'angit
- d) Reason for preferred name:

Following Dr. Bowern and AIATSIS, we are using Ndra'ngith as the primary name.

- e) Name and approximate population of ethnic group or community who use this language (complete individual language currently in use):
 According to AUSTLANG, this language is apparently extinct.
- f) Preferred three letter identifier, if available: dgt

Your suggestion will be taken into account, but the Registration Authority will determine the identifier to be proposed. The identifiers is not intended to be an abbreviation for a name of the language, but to serve as a device to identify a given language uniquely. With thousands of languages, many sets of which have similar names, it is not possible to provide identifiers that resemble a language name in every case.

2. TEMPORAL DESCRIPTION and LOCATION

| a) | Is this a | Living language |
|----|-----------|---|
| | | Nearly extinct/secondary use only (includes languages in revival) |
| | | Recently extinct language |
| | | Historical language |
| | | Ancient language |
| | | Artificially constructed language |
| | | Macrolanguage |

| (| Select one. See explanations of these types at http://www.sil.org/iso639%2D3/types.asp) | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|] | For individual languages, also complete: | | | | | | | |
| l | o) | Countries where used: Australia | | | | | | |
| Ć | c) Region within each country: towns, districts, states or provinces where used. Include GPS coordinates of the approximate center of the language, if possible: AIATSIS places Ndra'ngith in the Australian state of Queensland. More specifically describes the location of the language as "the area south of Pera Head and at Nor River" (1995:135). | | | | | | | |
| | | To view on a map where this is located, please visit Dr. Bowern's website: http://maps.google.com/maps?q=http://pantheon.yale.edu/~clb3/PamaNyungan/CCAL1mz | | | | | | |
| (| d) | For an ancient or historical language, give approximate time frame; for a recently extinct language give the approximate date of the last known user's death According to Sutton, two clan estates identified with "Ndrra'ngith" ca. 1900 (2001: 459). No information about the last user is available. | | | | | | |
| 3. N | ΛC | DALITY AND LINGUISTIC AFFILIATION | | | | | | |
| í | a) | This language is: ☐ Signed ☐ Spoken ☐ Attested only in writings | | | | | | |
| 1 | o) | Language family, if classified; origin, if artificially constructed: Pama-Nyungan family, Paman group, Northern Paman subgroup | | | | | | |
| (| c) | Closest language linguistically. For a Macrolanguage, list the individual languages (adopted and/proposed) to be included in its group. For signed language, note influence from other signed or spoken languages: | | | | | | |
| 4. LANGUAGE DEVELOPMENT AND USE | | | | | | | | |
| ć | a) | radio or television broadcasts, etc.?: No written literature or incriptions are known. Tape transcriptions and field notes are available in the AIATSIS library. | | | | | | |
| 1 |) | | | | | | | |

c) Comment on factors of ethnolinguistic identity and informal domains of use:

Unknown

SOURCES OF INFORMATION

You do not need to repeat sources previously identified in the form, "Request for Change to ISO 639-3 Language Code"

- a) First-hand knowledge. Describe:
- b) Knowledge through personal communication. Describe:
- c) Knowledge from published sources. Include known dictionaries, grammars, etc. (please give complete bibliographical references):

Please return this form to:

ISO 639-3 Registrar SIL International, Office of Language Information Systems 7500 West Camp Wisdom Road Dallas, Texas 75236 USA ISO 639-3/RA web site: http://www.sil.org/iso639-3/default.asp

Email: iso639-3@sil.org

An email attachment of this completed form is preferred.

Further information:

If your request for a new language code element is supported by the Registration Authority as a formal proposal, you may be contacted separately by researchers working with the Ethnologue or with LinguistList asking you to provide additional information.

Sources of documentation for ISO 639-3 identifiers:

Gordon, Raymond G., Jr. (ed.), 2005. Ethnologue: Languages of the World, Fifteenth edition. Dallas, Tex.: SIL International. Online version: http://www.ethnologue.com/.

LinguistList. Ancient and Extinct Languages. http://linguistlist.org/forms/langs/GetListOfAncientLgs.html
LinguistList. Constructed Languages. http://linguistlist.org/forms/langs/GetListOfConstructedLgs.html