ISO 639-3 Registration Authority
Request for New Language Code Element in ISO 639-3

This form is to be used in conjunction with a “Request for Change to ISO 639-3 Language Code” form

Date: 2012-1-23

Name of Primary Requester: Anthony Aristar, ELCat and MultiTree Principle Investigator

E-mail address: mt at linguistlist dot org

Names, affiliations and email addresses of additional supporters of this request:
Claire Bowern (claire.bowern at yale dot edu)

Associated Change request number : 2012-038 (completed by Registration Authority)
Tentative assignment of new identifier : xby (completed by Registration Authority)

PLEASE NOTE: This completed form will become part of the public record of this change request and the history of the ISO 639-3 code set. Use Shift-Enter to insert a new line in a form field (where allowed).

1. NAMES and IDENTIFICATION
   a) Preferred name of language for code element denotation:
      Batyala
   
   b) Autonym (self-name) for this language:

   c) Common alternate names and spellings of language, and any established abbreviations:
      Badjela, Badtala, Badyala, Patyala, Bidhala, Butchulla, Dulingbara, Ngulongbara, Thoorgine, Batjala, Olongbura, Gnooollongbara, Koolaburra, Badjala, Ngulongbara.

   d) Reason for preferred name:
      This is the primary name most widely used in the sources we consulted. Please refer to the citations below.

   e) Name and approximate population of ethnic group or community who use this language (complete individual language currently in use):

   f) Preferred three letter identifier, if available: 1i3

Your suggestion will be taken into account, but the Registration Authority will determine the identifier to be proposed. The identifiers is not intended to be an abbreviation for a name of the language, but to serve as a device to identify a given language uniquely. With thousands of languages, many sets of which have similar names, it is not possible to provide identifiers that resemble a language name in every case.

2. TEMPORAL DESCRIPTION and LOCATION
   a) Is this a
      
      ☑ Living language
      ☐ Nearly extinct/secondary use only (includes languages in revival)
      ☐ Recently extinct language
      ☐ Historical language
      ☐ Ancient language
      ☐ Artificially constructed language

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Macrolanguage

(Select one. See explanations of these types at http://www.sil.org/iso639-2D3/types.asp)

For individual languages, also complete:

b) Countries where used:
   Australia

c) Region within each country: towns, districts, states or provinces where used. Include GPS coordinates of the approximate center of the language, if possible:
The following geographical information was quoted in AusAnthrop: Queensland: Cairns; Fraser island; Great Sandy Island; Kabikabi mission; Noosa Head; Pialba; Tinana Creek; Yarrabah; Thoorgine.

Dr. Claire Bowern places this language in the following coordinates:
Latitude: -25.4448622919844
Longitude: 153.15399289692 (Bowern 2010)

To view on a map where this is located, please visit Dr. Bowern's website:

d) For an ancient or historical language, give approximate time frame; for a recently extinct language, give the approximate date of the last known user’s death
   According to the Austlang census data, there were 7 people speaking Butchulla in 2006.

3. MODALITY AND LINGUISTIC AFFILIATION

a) This language is: □ Signed    □ Spoken    □ Attested only in writings

b) Language family, if classified; origin, if artificially constructed:
Pama-Nyungan, Waka-Kabi

c) Closest language linguistically. For a Macrolanguage, list the individual languages (adopted and/or proposed) to be included in its group. For signed language, note influence from other signed or spoken languages:

4. LANGUAGE DEVELOPMENT AND USE

a) What written literature, inscriptions or recordings exist in this language? Are there newspapers, radio or television broadcasts, etc.?:
   Tape transcription/field note available (vocabulary) in the AIATSIS library.
b) Is this language officially recognized by any level of government? Is it used in any levels of formal education as a language of instruction (for other subjects)? Is it taught in schools?:
There is an active revival occurring under the aegis of the Korrawinga Aboriginal Corporation, who sponsors community language classes in Batyala.

c) Comment on factors of ethno-linguistic identity and informal domains of use:
SOURCES OF INFORMATION

You do not need to repeat sources previously identified in the form, “Request for Change to ISO 639-3 Language Code”

a) First-hand knowledge. Describe:

b) Knowledge through personal communication. Describe:
Location information gained through personal communication with Dr. Claire Bowern. See citation below.

c) Knowledge from published sources. Include known dictionaries, grammars, etc. (please give complete bibliographical references):
Grammar:
Bell, Jeanie. 2003. A sketch grammar of the Badjala language of Gari (Fraser Island), University of Melbourne: MA.

Dictionary:

Please return this form to:
ISO 639-3 Registrar
SIL International, Office of Language Information Systems
7500 West Camp Wisdom Road
Dallas, Texas 75236 USA
Email: iso639-3@sil.org
An email attachment of this completed form is preferred.

Further information:
If your request for a new language code element is supported by the Registration Authority as a formal proposal, you may be contacted separately by researchers working with the Ethnologue or with LinguistList asking you to provide additional information.

Sources of documentation for ISO 639-3 identifiers: