ISO 639-3 Registration Authority Request for New Language Code Element in ISO 639-3

Thi	is	form	is to	be used	l in co	niunction	with a	"Rea	uest for	Change	to ISO	639-3	Language	Code"	form

Date: 2012-3-19

Name of Primary Requester: Anthony Aristar, ELCat and MultiTree Principal Investigator

E-mail address: mt at linguistlist dot org

Names, affiliations and email addresses of additional supporters of this request:

Claire Bowern (claire.bowern at yale dot edu)

Associated Change request number : 2012-073 (completed by Registration Authority)
Tentative assignment of new identifier : xrq (completed by Registration Authority)

PLEASE NOTE: This completed form will become part of the <u>public record</u> of this change request and the history of the ISO 639-3 code set. Use Shift-Enter to insert a new line in a form field (where allowed).

1. NAMES and IDENTIFICATION

- a) Preferred name of language for code element denotation: Karranga
- b) Autonym (self-name) for this language:
- c) Common alternate names and spellings of language, and any established abbreviations: Karrangpurru, Karangpurru, Karanga
- d) Reason for preferred name:
 - Dr. Bowern and Patrick McConvell (http://wold.livingsources.org/language/182) list the language name as such.
- e) Name and approximate population of ethnic group or community who use this language (complete individual language currently in use):
- f) Preferred three letter identifier, if available: 2by

Your suggestion will be taken into account, but the Registration Authority will determine the identifier to be proposed. The identifiers is not intended to be an abbreviation for a name of the language, but to serve as a device to identify a given language uniquely. With thousands of languages, many sets of which have similar names, it is not possible to provide identifiers that resemble a language name in every case.

2. TEMPORAL DESCRIPTION and LOCATION

a) Is this a		Living language
		Nearly extinct/secondary use only (includes languages in revival)
	\boxtimes	Recently extinct language
		Historical language
		Ancient language
		Artificially constructed language
		Macrolanguage

	(Se	elect one. See explanations of these types at http://www.sil.org/iso639%2D3/types.asp)						
	For individual languages, also complete:							
	b)	Countries where used: Australia						
	c)	Region within each country: towns, districts, states or provinces where used. Include GPS coordinates of the approximate center of the language, if possible: Northern Territory: Yarralin, Victoria River Downs homestead, Moolooloo, Killarney homestead						
		Centroid Coordinates per Bowern 2011: (Latitude: -16.363051, Longitude: 131.315632)						
	d)	For an ancient or historical language, give approximate time frame; for a recently extinct language give the approximate date of the last known user's death As of 2012, no speakers remain per Bowern 2012 (p.c.).						
3.	MC	DALITY AND LINGUISTIC AFFILIATION						
	a)	This language is: Signed Spoken Attested only in writings						
	b)	Language family, if classified; origin, if artificially constructed: Pama-Nyungan, Ngumpin-Yapa, Ngumpin						
	c)	Closest language linguistically. For a Macrolanguage, list the individual languages (adopted and/or proposed) to be included in its group. For signed language, note influence from other signed or spoken languages: Mudburru (New Code in Ngumpin group)						
4.	LA	NGUAGE DEVELOPMENT AND USE						
	a)	What written literature, inscriptions or recordings exist in this language? Are there newspapers, radio or television broadcasts, etc.?: "there is no recording of Karrangpurru available." (AIATSIS)						
	b)	Is this language officially recognized by any level of government? Is it used in any levels of formal education as a language of instruction (for other subjects)? Is it taught in schools?: Unknown						
	c)	Comment on factors of ethnolinguistic identity and informal domains of use: Unknown						

SOURCES OF INFORMATION

You do not need to repeat sources previously identified in the form, "Request for Change to ISO 639-3 Language Code"

- a) First-hand knowledge. Describe:
- b) Knowledge through personal communication. Describe:
- c) Knowledge from published sources. Include known dictionaries, grammars, etc. (please give complete bibliographical references):

Bowern, Claire. 2011. Centroid Coordinates for Australian Languages, Version 1.2. http://maps.google.com/maps?q=http://pantheon.yale.edu/~clb3/PamaNyungan/CC AL1.2.kmz (Accessed June 13, 2011).

Bowern, Claire. 2011. Pama-Nyungan Etymological Database 7.1 (Funded by NSF grant BCS-844550). Yale University.

Please return this form to:

ISO 639-3 Registrar SIL International, Office of Language Information Systems 7500 West Camp Wisdom Road Dallas, Texas 75236 USA

ISO 639-3/RA web site: http://www.sil.org/iso639-3/default.asp

Email: iso639-3@sil.org

An email attachment of this completed form is preferred.

Further information:

If your request for a new language code element is supported by the Registration Authority as a formal proposal, you may be contacted separately by researchers working with the Ethnologue or with LinguistList asking you to provide additional information.

Sources of documentation for ISO 639-3 identifiers:

Gordon, Raymond G., Jr. (ed.), 2005. Ethnologue: Languages of the World, Fifteenth edition. Dallas, Tex.: SIL International. Online version: http://www.ethnologue.com/.

LinguistList. Ancient and Extinct Languages. http://linguistlist.org/forms/langs/GetListOfAncientLgs.html
LinguistList. Constructed Languages. http://linguistlist.org/forms/langs/GetListOfConstructedLgs.html