ISO 639-3 Registration Authority Request for New Language Code Element in ISO 639-3

This form is to be used in conjunction with a "Request for Change to ISO 639-3 Language Code" form

Date: 08-18-2022

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Associated Change request number: 2022-023 (completed by Registration Authority)
Tentative assignment of new identifier: zlu (completed by Registration Authority)

PLEASE NOTE: This completed form will become part of the <u>public record</u> of this change request and the history of the ISO 639-3 code set. Use Shift-Enter to insert a new line in a form field (where allowed).

1. NAMES and IDENTIFICATION

- a) Preferred name of language for code element denotation:
 Zul
- b) Autonym (self-name) for this language: Zul
- c) Group autonym: Zulle
- d) Common alternate names and spellings of language, and any established abbreviations: Zulawa. Zull (Gunn 1953:15, CAPRO 1995:364). Bi Zule (Blench 2020:84-85). (Bi Zule actually means the language of the Zule (Zulle)).
- e) Reason for preferred name: It was reported by the people as their autonyms.
- f) Name and approximate population of ethnic group or community who use this language (complete individual language currently in use): 7.000
- g) Preferred three letter identifier, if available:

Your suggestion will be taken into account, but the Registration Authority will determine the identifier to be proposed. The identifiers is not intended to be an abbreviation for a name of the language, but to serve as a device to identify a given language uniquely. With thousands of languages, many sets of which have similar names, it is not possible to provide identifiers that resemble a language name in every case.

2. 1	EMPORALL	JESCRIPTION (and LOCATION						
a)	Is this a	Living language Nearly extinct/sec Recently extinct la Historical language Ancient language Artificially constr Macrolanguage	ge	s languages in revival)					
	_		es at http://www.sil.org/is	.0639%2D3/types.asp)					
For	individual languag	ges, also complete:							
b)	Countries where used: Nigeria								
c) coor	dinates of the app	proximate center of the	s, districts, states or prov ne language, if possible: Jama'a District, Toro LC	vinces where used. Include GPS GA, in Bauchi State.					
d) give		t or historical language date of the last know		ne frame; for a recently extinct language,					
3. N	MODALITY A	ND LINGUISTIC	CAFFILIATION						
a)	This language	is: ☐ Signed	Spoken	☐ Attested only in writings					
b)	Language family, if classified; origin, if artificially constructed: The classification of Zul based on the current survey findings is: West Chadic B.3, Polcic, Zulic								
lang	guages.								
				the individual languages (adopted and/or fluence from other signed or spoken					

4. LANGUAGE DEVELOPMENT AND USE

a)	What written literature,	inscriptions	or recordings	exist in	this language?	Are there newspapers,
radio or	television broadcasts, e	etc.?:				

No

b) Is this language officially recognized by any level of government? Is it used in any levels of formal education as a language of instruction (for other subjects)? Is it taught in schools?:

No

Comment on factors of ethnolinguistic identity and informal domains of use:
 Zul and Hausa are used for most functions in informal and public domains, although the heritage language is used more.

SOURCES OF INFORMATION

You do not need to repeat sources previously identified in the form, "Request for Change to ISO 639-3 Language Code"

- a) First-hand knowledge. Describe:
- b) Knowledge through personal communication. Describe:
- c) Knowledge from published sources. Include known dictionaries, grammars, etc. (please give complete bibliographical references):

Gunn, H. D. 1953. *Peoples Of The Plateau Area of Northern Nigeria*. London. International African Institute.

CAPRO Research Office. 1995. *Unmask The Giant (An ethnic survey of Bauchi State*). Jos. CAPRO Media Services.

Blench, Roger. 2020. *Atlas of Nigerian Languages*. http://www.rogerblench.info/Language/Africa/Nigeria/Atlas%20of%20Nigerian%20Languages-%20ed%20III.pdf. Accessed 17 January 2020.

Please return this form to:

ISO 639-3 Registrar SIL International, Office of Language Information Systems 7500 West Camp Wisdom Road Dallas, Texas 75236 USA

ISO 639-3/RA web site: http://www.sil.org/iso639-3/default.asp

Email: iso639-3@sil.org

An email attachment of this completed form is preferred.

Further information:

If your request for a new language code element is supported by the Registration Authority as a formal proposal, you may be contacted separately by researchers working with the Ethnologue or with LinguistList asking you to provide additional information.

Sources of documentation for ISO 639-3 identifiers:

Gordon, Raymond G., Jr. (ed.), 2005. Ethnologue: Languages of the World, Fifteenth edition. Dallas, Tex.: SIL International. Online version: http://www.ethnologue.com/.

LinguistList. Ancient and Extinct Languages. http://linguistlist.org/forms/langs/GetListOfAncientLgs.html
LinguistList. Constructed Languages. http://linguistlist.org/forms/langs/GetListOfConstructedLgs.html